

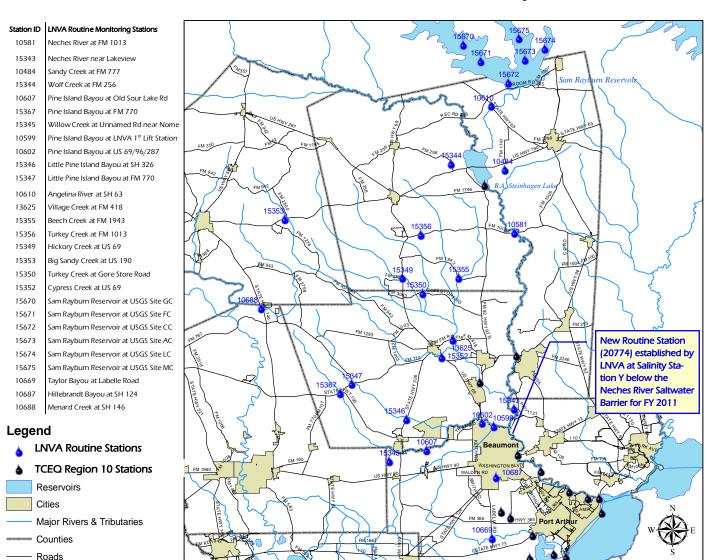
Lower Neches Basin Highlights

The Lower Neches Valley Authority (LNVA) has been involved in the Texas Clean Rivers Program (CRP) since the Clean Rivers Act was passed in 1991. The goal of the program is to maintain and improve the quality of water within each river basin in Texas through an ongoing partnership involving the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ), river authorities, other agencies, local governments, industry and citizens.

Through a watershed management approach, the CRP is designed to identify and evaluate water quality issues, establish priorities for corrective action, work to implement those actions, and adapt to changing priorities. The LNVA administers the CRP in the Lower Neches River Basin (Basin 6) and the Neches-Trinity Coastal Basin (Basin 7).

During 2010, LNVA was involved in many activities which support the objectives of the CRP in the Lower Neches River Basin. The Basin Highlights for 2010 include the following:

- ⇒ Completed 2010 Basin Summary Report
- ⇒ Completed TCEQ Metals in Water Special Study
- ⇒ Completed Organics in Water Sampling at Pine Island Bayou
- ⇒ Assisted with Pine Island Bayou UAA Study in August
- ⇒ Collected 24-hour DO Measurements for UAA Study
- ⇒ Operated Real-Time Station (CAMS 749) on Pine Island Bayou
- ⇒ Quarterly Water Quality Monitoring at 31 Routine Stations
- ⇒ Maintained NELAP Laboratory Accreditation
- ⇒ Expanded Volunteer Environmental Monitoring Program
- ⇒ Performed Public Education and Outreach Activities
- ⇒ Funded Book Covers & Major Rivers' Material for Area Schools





Lower Neches Basin Highlights

Fish Consumption Advisory Issued for Portions of the Neches River

http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/seafood/FishConsump.shtm

On March 8, 2010, the Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS) issued a fish consumption advisory for portions of the lower Neches River due to high levels of mercury in fish tissue. The DSHS Seafood and Aquatic Life Group (SALG) staff collected fish samples from the Neches River in June and September 2007. Mercury was also found in high levels in 2004/2005 by the TCEQ and TPWD in earlier studies, which prompted the DSHS survey in 2007. The Texas Parks and Wildlife Dept. (TPWD), TCEQ, and DSHS comprise the Texas Statewide Fish Tissue Monitoring Project.

Six locations on the Neches River were identified by SALG to collect fish tissue samples (see Figure 1).

Composite 1:

♦ Site 1: Neches River near the LNVA saltwater barrier

Site 2: Neches River at U.S. 96

Composite 2:

♦ Site 4: Neches River at R-255

Site 5: Neches River at U.S. 59

Site 6: Neches River at S.H. 7

A total of 60 fish were collected, 20 from Composite Site 1 and 40 from Composite Site 2. They included 18 freshwater drum, 10 longnose gar, 9 blue catfish, 8 smallmouth buffalo, 3 flathead catfish, 3 largemouth bass, 2 spotted gar, 2 white bass, 2 white crappie, 1 black crappie, 1 channel catfish, and 1 spotted bass.

Highlights of Results

- ♦ All 60 samples of fish contained mercury
- Values ranged from 0.114 mg/kg (channel catfish) to
 2.522 mg/kg (longnose gar)
- Sites 4 and 5 (R-255 and U.S. 59, respectively) had the highest mercury concentrations
- ♦ Flathead catfish contained highest levels overall

The six species listed in the advisory are flathead catfish, freshwater drum, gar, largemouth bass, spotted bass, and white bass. The advisory affects areas of Hardin, Angelina, Houston, Jasper, Polk, Trinity, and Tyler Counties.

The DSHS advises people should limit consumption of flathead catfish, largemouth bass, spotted bass, white bass, gar, and freshwater drum from Composite Site 2 (Neches River-Upper).

Adults: No more than two eight-ounce meals a month

Children under 12 or those who weigh less than 75 lbs: No more than two four-ounce meals a month

Women who are pregnant, nursing, or plan to become pregnant: Should not consume any of the species affected from the Neches River

Fish from the lower section of the Neches River (Composite Site 1) did not appear to have contaminants at levels that exceeded the systemic or carcinogenic HAC (health assessment comparison value) for any contaminant. Therefore, consumption of fish from Composite site 1 may be consumed without undue restrictions.

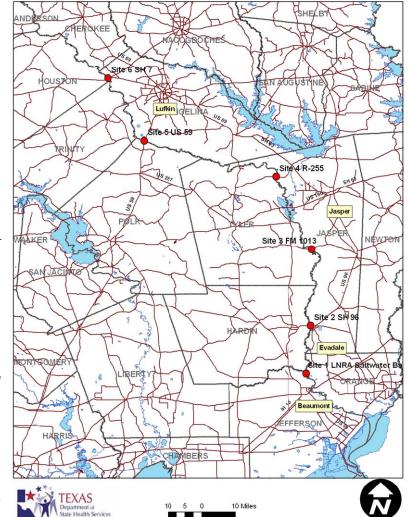


Figure 1. Neches River Sample Sites, 2007



Lower Neches Basin Monitoring Program

FY 2011 Monitoring Program Update •

The following updates were made to the FY 2011 Coordinated Monitoring Schedule (CMS) to address water quality issues in the basin. The CMS website is http://cms.lcra.org/.

Segment 0601

- TCEQ Region 10 will continue routine monitoring for organics in water (malathion only) at station 10563 (Neches River at SH87) and 10485 (Star Lake Canal).
- TCEQ Region 10 will collect fish tissue samples at station 10570 (Neches River 1/2 mile below Mobil Canal) and 10575 (Neches River at I-10 Bridge in Beaumont).
- LNVA added a routine monitoring station adjacent to salinity station Y located 1.8 KM downstream of the Neches River Saltwater Barrier (Station ID 20774).

Segment 0602

 Metals in water were deleted by Region 10 at station 10580 (Neches River at US 96).

Segment 0603

- Metals in water were deleted by LNVA at station 10484 (Sandy Creek) due to the completion of the CRP metals in water special study.
- Recreational Use Attainability Analyses (RUAAs) are planned for Sandy Creek (0603A) and Wolf Creek (0603B) in FY 2011. However, no changes were made to the CMS.

Segment 0607

- Metals in water were deleted by LNVA at six stations (10599, 10602, 10607, 15345, 15346, 15367) due to the completion of the CRP metals in water special study.
- Organics in water were deleted by LNVA at station 10602 (Pine Island Bayou at US69) and station 10607 (Pine Island Bayou at OSL) due to the completion of the organics in water special study.
- 24 hr. DO monitoring by LNVA at five stations (10602, 10607, 15346, 15367, 20069) to support on-going UAA studies for Pine Island Bayou and Little Pine Island Bayou.
- 24 hr. DO monitoring was deleted by Region 10 at station 15345 (Willow Creek).

Segment 0608

- Metals in water were deleted by TCEQ Region 10 at station 10609 (Village Creek at US 96).
- Metals in water were deleted by LNVA at five stations (13625, 15349, 15352, 15355, 15356) due to the completion of the CRP metals in water special study.

RUAAs are planned for Beech Creek (0608A), Big Sandy Creek (0608B) and Cypress Creek (0608C) in FY 2011. However, no changes were made to the CMS.

Segment 0610

 LNVA deleted station 15672 (Sam Rayburn Reservoir USGS Site CC) to prevent duplication of monitoring at the reservoir's main pool.

Segment 0701

- Fish tissue sampling was deleted by TCEQ Region 10 at station 10642 (Shallow Prong Lake).
- Metals in water were deleted by LNVA at station 10669 (Taylor Bayou at Labelle Rd.) due to the completion of the CRP metals in water special study.

Segment 0704

- Fish tissue sampling was deleted by TCEQ Region 10 at station 10686 (Hillebrandt Bayou at Humble Rd.). This station (10686) was deleted entirely from the CMS.
- TCEQ Region 10 will collect chlorophyll-a samples at station 10687 (Hillebrandt Bayou at SH 124) to assess the upper AU, and LNVA will continue routine monitoring at this station. Chlorophyll was added to the CMS.

Special Projects

- Use Attainability Analyses (UAA) on Pine Island Bayou and Aquatic Life Assessment (ALA) on Little Pine Island Bayou: Biological sampling and 24 hr. measurements were collected on August 30-31, 2010 and September 23-24, 2010 by TCEO Central Office, TCEO Region 10, TPWD and LNVA personnel.
- East Texas Recreational Use Attainability Analyses (RUAAs):
 Data collection has been suspended by the TMDL program for the Neches River Basin.

Volunteer Monitoring Program

- LNVA has trained 42 volunteer monitors since 2008.
- Eleven sites are currently monitored by trained volunteers.
- Volunteer monitoring sites include: Lake Kimball in Wildwood, Neches River at LNVA Saltwater Barrier, Adams Bayou at Shangri-La Gardens, Taylors Bayou at Port Arthur Country Club, Pine Island Bayou at Cooks Lake Road, Little Pine Island Bayou at Woodway Blvd. in Pinewood, Neches River at Riverfront Park near downtown Beaumont, Hillebrandt Bayou at drainage ditch near Hwy 124 in Beaumont, Village Creek at Village Creek State Park in Lumberton, Village Creek at Hwy. 327, and private pond near Tram Road in North Beaumont.



Basin Impairments/Concerns Table

Watershed/ Segment	Use Impair- ment/Concern	Identified Parameters	Explanation of Impairment/ Concern	Actions Taken	Recommended Actions
Segment 0601: Neches River Tidal (lower portion)	Aquatic Life Use	*Malathion is not included in the Draft 2010 Con-	Application of pesticides for mosquito control	TCEO Region 10 organics in water monitoring	Continue quarterly monitoring for Malathion
nower portion,		cerns List (Feb. 5, 2010)			
Segment 0601A: Star Lake Canal	Aquatic Life Use	Depressed Dissolved oxygen (DO)	Natural, low flow conditions; Molas- ses Bayou influ- ence	TCEQ Region 10 routine monitoring	Continue routine monitoring; collect 24 hour DO meas- urements
Segment 0602: Lower Neches River above Tidal	Fish Consump- tion Use	Mercury in fish tissue	Atmospheric Deposition	New Advisory issued by DSHS on March 8, 2010	TCEQ Special Study; Coordinate fish tissue sam- pling with DSHS
Segment 0603: B.A. Steinhagen Reservoir	Fish Consump- tion Use	Mercury in fish tissue	Atmospheric Deposition	Public Advisory is- sued by DSHS	TCEQ Special Study; Coordinate fish tissue sam- pling with DSHS
Segment 0603A: Sandy Creek	Contact Recrea- tion Use	E. coli	Non-point Source Pollution	East Texas Recrea- tional Use Attainabil- ity Analysis (RUAA)	Evaluate bacteria standards based on RUAA results
Segment 0603B: Wolf Creek				Project	orrivo, viresules
Segment 0607: Pine Island Bayou Segment 0607B:	Aquatic Life Use	Depressed DO	Natural, low flow conditions	Use Attainability Analysis (UAA); Aquatic Life Assessment (ALA); CWQMN Station	Complete UAA, ALA studies; Use CWQMN data and revise standards as needed
Little Pine Island Bayou	Contact Recrea- tion Use	E. coli	Non-point Source Pollution	LNVA CRP Routine Monitoring	Conduct Recrea- tional UAA
Segment 0607A: Boggy Creek	Aquatic Life Use	Depressed DO	Natural, low flow conditions	UAA on Willow Creek	Complete UAA on Willow Creek
Segment 0607C: Willow Creek		Impaired Habitat (Boggy Creek)	Unknown	N/A	Plan UAA and/or ALA on Boggy Creek



Basin Impairments/Concerns Table

Watershed/	Use Impair-	Identified	Explanation of	Actions Taken	Recommended
Segment	ment/Concern	Parameters	Impair- ment/Concern		Actions
Segment 0608: Village Creek	General Use (Village, Beech, Cypress)	Low pH	Natural Condi- tions	TCEO Proposed 2010 Standards	Approve Standards to revise pH Range
Segment 0608A: Beech Creek	Contact Recreation Use	E. coli	Non-Point Source Pollution	Revision RUAAs Planned; LNVA CRP Routine	Complete RUAAs on Beech, Big Sandy, and Cypress
Segment 0608B: Big Sandy Creek	(Beech, Big Sandy, Cy- press, Turkey)	Depressed DO	Natural, low flow conditions	Monitoring 24 hr. DO & Biological Assessment; CRP Routine Monitoring	Continue 24 hr. DO/ Biological Data Col- lection
Segment 0608C: Cypress Creek	Aquatic Life Use (Cypress, Mill)				
Segment 0608E: Mill Creek	Aquatic Life Use (Cypress, Beech)	Impaired Habitat	Unknown	N/A	ALA on Beech Creek
Segment 0608F: Turkey Creek Segment 0608G:	Fish Consumption Use	Mercury in fish tissue	Atmospheric Deposition	Public Advisory Is- sued by DSHS	TCEO Special Study; Coordinate fish tissue sampling with DSHS
Lake Kimble	(Lake Kimble, Village)				
Segment 0701: Taylor Bayou above Tidal Segment 0701D: Shallow Prong Lake	Aquatic Life Use General Use/Nutrients	Depressed DO Chlorophyll a Arsenic in fish tissue	Natural conditions Unknown	UAA on Taylor/ Hillebrandt Bayou LNVA & TCEQ Rou- tine Monitoring TCEQ Fish Tissue Sampling	Complete UAA; Revise DO standard as needed
	(Taylor Bayou) Fish Consumption				Continue Routine Monitoring; Consider Special Study
	Use (Shallow Prong)		Unknown		DSHS evaluation; issue public fish con- sumption advisory
Segment 0702: Intracoastal Water- way Tidal	General Use/Nutrients	Chlorophyll a Toxicity in Water, Sediment; Impaired Fish Community Dioxins, PCBs in fish tissue	Unknown Air Deposition, Point Source Pollution Unknown	TCEQ Routine Monitoring	Continue Routine Monitoring; Consider Special Study Determine source(s) of toxicity; develop
	Aquatic Life Use			Statewide Ambient Toxicity Assessment; Alligator Bayou ALA Public Advisory Is- sued by DSHS, July 8, 2008;	
Segment 0702A: Alligator Bayou	(Alligator) *Fish Consumption				
	Use (Intracoastal Waterway from East Bay to Port				TMDL TCEO Special Study; Coordinate fish tissue sampling with DSHS
	Bolivar)			Identified in the Draft 2010 303(d) List (Feb. 5, 2010)	
Segment 0704: Hillebrandt Bayou	Aquatic Life Use General	Depressed DO Ammonia- nitrogen, chloro- phyll a	Natural, low flow conditions	UAA on Taylor/ Hillebrandt Bayou	Complete UAA; Revise DO standard as needed Continue Routine Monitoring to include chlorophyll a; consider special study Continue Routine Monitoring
	Use/Nutrients *Contact Recrea- tion Use		Non-point source pollution; urban/ storm-water run-off, sewage	LNVA & TCEQ Routine monitoring	
		E. coli	Non-point Source Pollution	dentified in the Draft 2010 303(d) List (Feb. 5, 2010)	